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☞ *The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*

JOHN MILLER, Junr.
No. 80 Dock, near Third street,
HAS FOR SALE,

Coffaes,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Striped Doreas,
Tungibs,
Patna and
Santipoor Handkerchiefs.

The foregoing will be fold very low in order to clofe fales.

ALSO,
A FEW PACKAGES OF
German Goods,
Suitable to the Weft India Market;
Received by the Fair American from Hamburgh.
October 25.

JOSEPH D. DRINKER

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public that he has taken into partnerfhip DANIEL BARTOW.

Their Mercantile Concerns will, in conſequence, be conducted under the firm of *Drinker* and *Bartow*, who have juft imported, per the Weft Point, arrived at New York, the Amiable Creole, and other late arrivals at this port from Hamburg,

A VARIETY OF
GERMAN GOODS,
Conſiſting of the following Articles, viz.

Ticklenburghs,
Creas, a la Morlaix,
Dowlafs, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 9-8ths wide
Flanders Sheetings,
Sileſia ditto,
Rouan ditto,
Brown and white Platillas,
Britanias,
Weifgarnige Linens,
7-8 & 4-4 Sileſia Sheetings, aſſorted,
Diaper and Damaſk Table Cloths,
Clouting Diapers,
Diaper Zwillich,
Oil Cloths,
Glaſs Tumblers, Quarts, Pints and Half Pints,

In ſmall packages, entitled to Drawback.

ALSO,
Per the Eliza from London,
Ruſſia Sheetings,
Ravens Duck,
Men, Women and Children's Welſh yarn Hoſe.

All which they offer for ſale at their Store, No. 61 North Front Street, either by the package or ſmaller quantity, at the moſt reaſonable rates, for cash or notes at ſhort date.

November 20. 3taw6w

The Subscribers
Have for ſale at their Store, No. 5, Cheſnut ſtreet, the following articles, viz.

Ruſſia Hemp and Duck,
Firſt quality,
Boſton do. no 1 and 2,
A ſmall invoice of well aſſorted cordage,
Firſt and fourth proof Brandy, in pipes.
Madeira Wine in pipes and half pipes.
Claret in caſes,
New England Rum in hhds.
Winter ſtrained, Spermaceti Oil and Candles, and a few quarter cheſts of
Hyſon Tea,
of a ſuperior quality, lateſt importation.

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
november 16 3awim

TO BE SOLD BY
JESSE & ROBERT WALN.
Old Port Wine, in pipes, hhds. and qr. caſks,
Alſo Landing at their Wharf
From on board the ſhip Edward from Liſbon.
Liſbon Wine, in pipes and qr. caſks.
june 25 §

THE Creditors of Baly, Hill, & Evans, Inſolvent Debtors, in the county of Suſſex, are to meet the Aſſignee at the Court-Houſe in ſaid county, on the 25th of Dec. next, at 10 o'clock A. M. in order to make a dividend of ſaid Inſolvent's eſtate, that may come to hand by that day.

CH. CASE, aſſignee.
june 25

To be Sold,
Agreeably to the laſt Will and Teſtament of Joſeph Knight, deceaſed,
AT PUBLIC VENDUE,
On the Premiſes, the ſeventh day of December next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, or tract of Land, containing about 280 acres, pleaſantly ſituated in the townſhip of Middletown, county of Bucks, and State of Pennſylvania, adjoining lands of Samuel Watſon and others; about 6 miles from Newton, 5 from the borough of Briſtol, and 23 from Philadelphia. There are on the premiſes a two ſtory dwelling houſe, with three rooms on the lower and four on the ſecond floor, a kitchen adjoining, milk houſe at a ſmall diſtance, and a pump of good water, a good ſtone barn, hay houſe, waggon houſe and ſome other out-buildings; a good bearing apple orchard, containing about 250 trees; about 70 acres of good timber land, and about 50 acres bottom meadow. Two never failing ſtreams of water run through the farm.

The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale, when attendance will be given by

WILLIAM HULME, } *Executors.*
SAMUEL HULME, }

N. B. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes will be ſhown them by applying to either of the ſubſcribers at Millford's mills.
nov. 16. eot7D

MUSIC.

R. TAYLOR,

BEGS leave to inform the Ladies of Philadelphia, and the public in general, that he ſtill continues teaching the Piano Forte, Singing, Guitar, &c. as uſual. Application to be made to him, No. 96, north Sixth ſtreet, between Arch & Race ſtreets.
Nov. 20. ¶ 2aw3t

PRATT & KINTZING,
No. 95, north Water ſtreet,
HAVE RECEIVED
By the ſhips Wilmington, Connecticut, Fair American, and other late arrivals, from Hamburg and Bremen,
A great variety of
GERMAN GOODS,
Among which are

Platillas	Ginghams
Britannias	Handkerchiefs
Eſtopailles	Laces
Creas a la Morlaix	Siamois
Round Creas	Bedticks
Dowlas	Oil Cloths
Rouans	Slippers
Patterbornes	Window Glaſs
Bieleſield Linen	Tumblers
Waarendorps	Yellow Ochre
Table Linen	Quills
Ticklenburgs	Slates and Pencils
Oznabrigs	Pearl Barley
Heſſen Rolls	Claret in caſes
Brown ditto	Coffee Mills
Poliſh ditto	Nails and Ironmongery
Coffee Bags	Demijohns
Liſtado	Lentilles
Carrandoles	Glue
Checks and Stripes	Hogs Briſtles
Arabias	Looking Glaſſes
Bradrantees	Toys
Caſſarillos	Anchors
Coutils	A few tons Hemp
Cholets	&c. &c.

ALSO,
10 hhd. Muſcovado Sugar,

Roll Brimſtone, a few pipes old Port Wine, a parcel of ſoal and upper Leather, men's coarſe Shoes in trunks, a few low priced ſilver Watches, &c. &c. All which they offer for ſale at the loweſt prices and moſt extenſive credit.
Nov. 7 th&ſa 4w

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE owners of Unſeated Lands in Allegheny County, Pennſylvania, are hereby notified, that unleſs the Taxes due on ſaid Lands for the Years 1795, 1796, 1797, and 1798 are paid into the hands of JOHN WILKINS, Eſquire, County Treaſurer, on or before the 20th day of February next, they will be advertiſed for ſale as the law directs.

Ebenezer Denny,
William Dunning, } *Commiſſioners.*
James Robinſon,

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1799. 3m.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL perſons to whom the eſtate of the late William Beauchamp, deceaſed, is indebted, are requeſted to ſend their accounts properly atteſted, to the ſubſcriber, before the firſt day of January next, or they will be excluded the benefit of a final dividend, which will there be made and immediately paid.

SAMUEL PRICE, Executor,
No. 71, ſouth Front-ſtreet.
November 1ſt, 1799. dt1J

NOTICE

TO the owners of unſeated lands in the county of Huntingdon, to come forward and pay the taxes aſſeſſed and due thereon, within three months from this date, there being one or more years taxes due on the unſeated lands in the ſaid county of Huntingdon.

WILLIAM STEEL,
HUGH MORRISON,
JOHN STEEL, } Commiſſioners.

Huntingdon, Commiſſioners Office, Sept. 25, 1799.
October 4. d3m.

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT application is made to the Bank of the United States, for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank ſtock, which were loſt in the brig Paggy, Captain Fluyer, on her paſſage from America to London.

No. 2959, 2962, 2967 } For Eight Shares of Bank Stock in favour of Samuel Ethridge.

WILLINGS & FRANCIS.
October 25, d3m.

NOTICE.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JACOB THOMAS, of Waſhington in the State of Kentucky, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment—All perſons having demands againſt ſaid eſtate are deſired to furniſh their accounts legally atteſted to

JACOB REESE,
Adminiſtrator.
Philadelphia, October 31, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of THOMAS WILSON, late of Southwark, deceaſed, are are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers, and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to furniſh their accounts for ſettlement.

SARAH WILSON, *Adminiſtratrix.*
JOEL W. WILSON, *Adminiſtrator.*
No. 295, ſouth Front-ſtreet, Southwark.
Nov 1, 1799. dtf.

LODGINGS WANTED,

For a ſingle Gentleman and his Servant,
In a genteel private family,
Where he can have the uſe of a parlour, breakfaſt for himſelf, and board for his ſervant.—Apply to the printer.
Nov. 11. d3w

One hundred Pipes and quarter Caſks Wine Vinegar,
London Porter in Caſks of 6 and 8 Doz.
Brown Stout do. do.
Spaniſh Segars in Boxes,
Dried Peaches in Barrels,
FOR SALE
By BENJAMIN W. MORRIS,
WHO HAS
A Commodious Warehouſe,
In Pear Street,
To let by the Month or Year.
November 29. 12teod

WILL BE LANDED,
To-morrow Morning, from on board the brig Sally, at Stamper's Wharf,

83 pipes,
60 qr. caſks,
160 barrels } MALAGA WINE,

For Sale by the Subſcribers,
Th. Murgatroyd & Sons.

WHO HAVE ON HAND
Firſt proof Brandy,
Claret in Caſes firſt quality,
London White Lead.
November 26. d1w

CANAL OFFICE,
November 28, 1799.

Notice is hereby given,

TO the Stockholders of the *Delaware* and *Schuylkill*, and *Suſquehanna* and *Schuylkill* Canal companies; that their annual Election will be held at the Companies Office, on Monday the 6th of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpoſe of Electing *One* Preſident, *Twelve* Managers and *One* Treaſurer to each Company, for the enſuing year.

GEORGE WORRALL, *Secretary.*
November 20 mt6thj

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP
OF
THOMAS AND JOHN KETLAND
Being Diſſolved,
By the death of Mr. JOHN KETLAND,

ALL perſons who have demands againſt ſaid Firm are requeſted to bring in their accounts for payment, and thoſe indebted to the ſame are ſolicited to make payment to

THOMAS KETLAND.
October 21.

Juſt Imported,

135 Hogſheads,
191 barrels, } Prime SUGAR.
50 do. Green Coffee,
25 Boxes brown
25 do. white, } Havannah SUGAR.
12 hhds. James' River Tobacco,
30 Packages well aſſorted German Linens
Ruſſia Cordage, aſſorted,
400 Pipes Barcelona Brandy, 4th proof,
Hazlenuts in ſacks,
Brown Stout Porter, draught and bottled,
40 Caſks Shot, No. 1 to 6,
Lead in Pigs,
8 hhds. ground Lead, aſſorted,
4 Caſks Glauber Salts, Cream Tartar, &c.
Black quart wine bottles in crates, 1 groce each,
Queens ware in Crates,
Cannon, 4, 6, and 9 pounds calibre, with ſhot, round, grape and canniſter,
Swivels,
Corks in bales, 1ſt quality,
ditto in ſheets,
Claret in caſes, ſuperior quality.
Port Wine, ditto.
Horſemen's Swords, Hangers, &c.
Fowling pieces and piſtols in caſes,
Ship Muſquets and Blunderbuſſes, in do.
Bath ſtove Grates, for chambers, &c. &c.

FOR SALE BY
THOMAS KETLAND,
Walnut Street wharf:
Nov. 1 dtf

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
3000 pieces 1ſt and 2d quality Ruſſia Duck,
100 pieces Ravens Duck (ſuperior)
Boſton Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 buſhels St. Martins Salt.
april 11 ◊

TO BE SOLD,
TWO new frame two Story Houſes pleaſantly ſituated near the Jolly Poſt-Tavern, upper end of the Village of Frankford. There are in each houſe, beſides a kitchen, two rooms on the firſt floor; three on the ſecond, with roomy garrats, all well finiſhed; there are alſo to each, a good garden lot, ſtable and coach houſe. Part goods will be taken in payment. Any perſons wiſhing to become purchaſers are requeſted to view the premiſes, and for terms apply to

JOHN McCLELLEN.
Frankford, July 13 eotf

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Spring Forge, in York County, a negro man, named *ISAAC*, otherwiſe *CUDJO*, about 21 years old, the property of Robert Coleman, Eſq. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a blemiſh in his eyes, more white in them than common, by trade a Ferge man; had on and took with him a drab coloured broad cloth coat, almoſt new, a ſailors jacket and pantaloons printed fancy cord, a ſwanſdown ſtriped under jacket; a roruna hat; one fine and one coarſe ſhirt one muſlin handkerchief, ſprigged, two ditto ſtriped border, a blue Perſian under jacket and two pair cotton ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid negro and lodges him in any jail in this or any of the neighbouring ſtates ſhall have the above reward or reaſonable expences if brought home.

JOHN BRIEN.
Spring Forge, October 23, 1799.

N. B. As ſaid negro formerly lived in Cheſter county, it is probable he may return there.
November 5

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH
HAVE FOR SALE,
At their Stores on Walnut Street Wharf,

Patent Sheathing Copper, 24 ounces to the ſquare foot,
Compoſition Spikes of various lengths,
Still Copper, and raiſed Copper Bottoms,
Ten 4lb. Guns with Carriages,
Forty 6lb. Guns, 6cwt. each,
Twelve 9lb. Guns, 12cwt. each,
Sixteen 9lb. Guns with Carriages,
Gunpowder,
150 crates Queen's Ware, aſſorted,
A quantity of Sheathing Paper,
Engliſh Sail Canvaſs, No. 1 to 8,
20 trunks of printed Callicoes,
1 bale low priced Woolien Cloths,
87 puncheons St. Kitt's and Antigua Rum,
220 pipes 4th proof Brandy, uncolored and well flavoreed,
27 pipes, 34 hogſheads and 32 qr. caſks of ſtrong bodied red Wine, ſuited to the Weſt Indies,
15 butts 60 qr. caſks old Sherry,
290 kegs Raiſins,
150 boxes ditto,
94 jars ditto,
Caſſia in Bales,
Old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate uſe,
And a quantity of black quart Bottles.
Philadelphia, October 12. 1&ftf

FOR SALE,
By JOSEPH & JAMES CRUKSHANK,
No. 87 High Street Philadelphia,
A FEW COPIES
OF THE
HARLEIAN MISCELLANY,

BEING a Selection of Tracts which principally regard the Engliſh Hiſtory, and of which many are referred to by Hume. The ſcarcity and high price of the Harleian Miſcellany, induced the editor to offer the preſent abridgement to the public, which is compoſed of a narration of thoſe highly intereſting events which have occurred in the Hiſtory of England, and which are chiefly arranged in chronological order.

The volume contains in quantity one ſixth of the original work, and the price of it is one guinea, being only one twelfth of what the original book now ſells for.
November 21. 3taw2m

FOR SALE,
SEVERAL VALUABLE
BUILDING LOTS,
Near the corner of Arch and Ninth ſtreets.
ALSO,
To be Sold or Let,
A number of excellent Paſture Lots,
On the Wiſſahickon road, about half a mile from the city.
** Enquire at No. 39 North Sixth ſtreet.
November 15. d6t1awtf

THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES,
Of the debt of the United States, in the name of James Donatianus Le Ray, to wit—

No. 11020—5437 dolls. 65 cents
11019—5000 dolls.
11018—5000 dolls. } of deferred debt.
16341—3733 dolls. 33 cents. of 6 pr. ct debt
12814—7052 dolls. 71 cents
12813—8000 dolls. } of 3 per cent. debt

All bearing date the 15th February, 1799, were forwarded by the Cheſterfield packet for Falmouth, which has been captured, and the certificates loſt—Application is made for the renewal thereof at the Treaſury; of which all concerned are to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.
october 17 d6w

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.
November 15, 1799.
NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of the United States are informed, that according to the Statute of Incorparation, a General Election for twenty-five Directors will be held at the Bank of the United States in the City of Philadelphia, on Monday the 6th of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

And purſuant to the eleventh ſection of the bye-laws, the Stockholders of the ſaid Bank are alſo notified to aſſemble in general meeting, at the ſame place, on Tueſday the 7th of January next, at ſix o'clock in the evening.

G. SIMPSON, Caſhier.

Second Fundamental Article.

Not more than three fourths of the Directors in office, exclusive of the Preſident ſhall be eligible for the next enſuing year, but the Director who ſhall be Preſident at the time of an election, may always be re-elected.
November 15 eFtE

TO BE SOLD,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

NINE undivided tenth parts of a tract of LAND, in the State of Georgia; either together or in ſuch parts as may ſuit the purchaſer. The whole tract is bounded as follows, viz. beginning on the *Miſſiſippi* river, where the latitude of thirty-two degrees, forty-nine minutes, forty ſeconds north of the Equator interſects the ſame river; thence running along the ſame parallel of latitude a due eaſt courſe to the Tom Bigby river; thence up the middle of the ſaid Tom Bigby river to the place where the latitude thirty-two degrees, fifty-nine minutes, twenty ſeconds north of the equator interſects the ſame; thence a due weſt courſe on the ſame parallel of latitude to the *Miſſiſſippi* river; thence down the middle of the ſaid *Miſſiſſippi* river to the place of beginning; together with all the privileges, immunities and appurtenances thereof, including all iſlands within the ſaid bounds, and containing at leaſt One *Million* acres, probably more. The premiſes if not before diſpoſed of by private ſale, will be ſold by Public Vendue, on Thurſday the twenty firſt day of November next, at eleven o'clock, A. *M.* at Concert-Hall, kept by *Mr.* JAMES VILA in Boſton. For further particulars and terms, apply to either of the ſubſcribers

CHARLES CUSHING,
Boſton, Oct. 2, 1799. GEORGE LANE,
1wtf, *M. M.* HAYS,

SIMON WALKER,
Has removed his Counting House to No. 78 Walnut Street, near Fourth Street,
AND HAS FOR SALE,

ENGLISH PORTER, in caſks of ſix dozen each,
Engliſh Brown Stout, ditto ditto
Tin Plates,
200 crates Earthen ware,
Patent Shot, No. 1, 2, 4, 5, B, BB,
Lead, bar, ſheet and pig,
White and red Lead, yellow and black Paint,
Spaniſh brown, &c. ground in Oil,
Ruſſia Briſtles,
Engliſh Gunpowder in kegs, FF, F & *C*,
Muſkets, Piſtols, Cutlaſſes & boarding Pikes,
Cannon with carriages complete, 4, 6, 9 & 12 pounders,
Round, double headed and canniſter Shot,
Iron Craw Bars,
Refined Salt Petre,
Rough Brimſtone,
20 bales new Orleans Cotton,
Porter, wine and claret Bottles,
Hardware (aſſorted) in caſks,
Sadlery (aſſorted) in caſks,
November 21. 3taw6w

JUST ARRIVED,
In the ſloop Friendſhip, Capt. Brown, from New-Orleans,
About 7 tons
KENTUCKY CORDAGE.
For ſale by ELISHA FISHER & Co.
Nov. 27.

NOTICE.

THE Subſcribers having been appointed by the Supreme Court of Pennſylvania, *Truſtees* to the eſtate of GEORGE B. DAWSON, all perſons indebted thereto, prior to the 18th March laſt, are deſired to make payment, and the creditors are requeſted to furniſh their accounts properly authenticated, to

THOMAS & PETER MACKIE, *Truſtees.*
November 23 d1m

To the Holders of
MILITARY LAND WARRANTS.

THE Subſcriber having lately returned from viewing the land, ſurveyed and appropriated to ſatisfy the land warrants, iſſued by the ſecretary at war, to the officers and ſoldiers of the late continental army; and having made arrangements with Mr. James Johnſon, of Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, who he left on the land, and who with the aſſiſtance of an intelligent inhabitant of that county, will ſpend five months in exploring the different ſections. He will take regular notes, deſcriptive of the ſoil, ſituation, and natural advantages attached to each ſection in the whole ſurvey—which notes will be placed in the hands of the ſubſcriber previous to the period for locating, thereby enabling him to make the moſt advantageous locations the priority will admit.

He offers his ſervice to the holders of land warrants of the above deſcription, throughout the United States, to receive their warrants, claſs them, (as no leſs quantity than 4000 acres will be regiſterd at the office of the treaſury) have them regiſtered agreeable to law, and attend to make the location at the the time appointed in February next.

For tranſacting the buſineſs, one tenth part of the land ſpecified in the warrants will be required, and no other charge, except the poſtage of letters. All warrants forwarded and letters addreſſed to the ſubſcriber, at No. 3, Penn-ſtreet, Philadelphia, will receive immediate attention.

JAMES E. SMITH.
Septemer 2 mwftf.

FOR SALE,
And poſſeſſion given the 1ſt of December, 1800,
A Tract of moſt valuable Land,
Situated in Maryland,
About 18 miles from Baltimore, 7 from Annapolis, and 40 from the Federal City, on navigable water for veſſels of almoſt any burthen.

The ſoil is as good as any in the State.

THERE is on the premiſes a convenient houſe for a tenant, with two rooms on a floor; a good corn houſe: ſtables for 12 or 15 horſes, and a cow houſe, with as many ſtalls for cattle, on the beſt plan; all compleat and in good repair. There is alſo on ſaid plantation a new brick dairy, which, with a good ſtock, will produce from 40 to 60 lbs. butter per week; with a pump of excellent water at the door and a kitchen neatly built, with apartments for 12 hands. This tract contains from 900 to 1000 acres, more or leſs, and is well calculated for a grazing farm.

Alſo, another ſeat within a few miles of Annapolis, with a large commodious two ſtory brick houſe, with four rooms on a floor, and a well of excellent water at the door. This contains about 600 acres of good land, the moſt of it heavily timbered, of white oak, hickery and walnut.

The purchaſers may be accomodated with ſtock of horſes, cows and ſheep, already on the place.

The terms of ſale is, for both or either of the aforeſaid places, one third caſh, the other two thirds in ſix and twelve months, with bonds and good ſecurity.

As the proprietor of theſe valuable lands (which is equally worth the attention of the gentleman or farmer) is about removing from the ſtate, there will be a generous diſcount made for caſh, and an indiſputable title given. For further information enquire of the printer.

N. B—Goods ſuitable for the Weſt-India market will be received in part pay. The adventurer has alſo a houſe and lot for ſale in this city, for which goods will be received in pay, if ſpeedily applied for—Enquire as above.

Alſo, a number of negro men, women, and children, for ſale, or will be exchanged for goods:
November 26 ¶ 2aw6t.

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, September 24.

A general miſtake has prevailed reſpecting the object which the French had in view in ſending two corps of the army, one to the Mein, and the other to the Neckar. This movement, it has been ſuppoſed, made part of that plan of offenſive operations on which they entered towards the middle of laſt month. Although they were partially ſucceſsful in Switzerland, their plans were entirely defeated by the overthrow of Joubert on the 15th ult; and this is ſufficiently proved by the inactivity of Maſſena, who, but for this event, would certainly have made an attack on all points, and would have derived much greater benefit than he has done, from the advantages which his right wing obtained between the 14th and 17th ult. The advances made by the French into Palatinate and Swabia ſome days afterwards, far from being offenſive, ſingular as it may appear, formed part of a ſyſtem of defence. The moment was come when, the poſſeſſion of Italy being ſecured to the Allies by the capture of Alexandria, and the probable capture of Tortona, Marſhal Suwarrow might have ſent part of his army to take Switzerland in flank, while the Archduke might at the ſame time have attacked it in front. Maſſena would have from that time have ceaſed to be ſuperior in numbers, and notwithſtanding all the pains at which he had for ſome months been, to fortify himſelf in Switzerland, it is probable that he would have been obliged to evacuate the greater part of it, and to withdraw into the mountains of Jura. The French had but one way left to prevent this great and deciſive reſult of the campaign, which was by forcing the Archduke to divide his forces; and it is with this intention, joined to that of raiſing contributions and gathering proviſions, that they have aſſembled a corps of the army on the frontiers of the country of Heſſe Darmſtadt and the Dutchy of Wortemburgh. Although the poſſeſſion of the Deſiles of Swabia, of Wurtzburgh, and of Ulm, afforded Prince Charles the certainty, that the progreſs which the French might make in Franconia and Swabia would not materially affect the general plan of the campaign of the allies, this Prince has nevertheleſs marched to that part of Germany, becauſe he was unwilling to leave it a prey to the plunder, vexations, and outrages of the French; he would not willingly leave them at liberty quietly to ravage thoſe countries where part of his troops were to go into winter quarters, and he thought it his duty to preſerve the States of the Duke of Wurtemburgh, who has ſhewn a diſpoſition to make a common cauſe with the allies, from the vengeance of the republicans. We have already ſeen the march of the Archduke, preceded by General Sztarry, had the immediate effect of making the French evacuate the poſts which they occupied on the upper Neckar. It will be eaſy for the Auſtrians there to occupy poſitions which may keep the enemy in check in that part, as they will be kept in check on the Mein by the brave inhabitants of the Speſſart. The inſurrection of the latter forms a deſirable point of ſupport, which ſecures the right of the Auſtrians and ſaves them from the neceſſity of maintaining a great force between the Mein and the Neckar. It is probable that the Archduke, after having left ſuch reinforcements with General Sztarry as will put him in a ſituation to controul the movements of the republicans on the lower Rhine, will return, if not to Switzerland, at leaſt to the frontiers of that country. At the ſame period General Suwarrow will alſo have adopted the neceſſary meaſures for ſecuring the whole of Italy, which the allies have re-conquered, from further attack; ſo that while General Hotze and the Ruſſians will occupy the ancient poſitions of the Archduke in Switzerland, this Prince will be with very conſiderable force on the Northern flank of that country, while Marſhal Suwarrow will hover over its Southern flank. The ſeaſon will not be ſo far advanced but ſome advantage can be derived from this military ſituation. Whether or not new operations are to be undertaken during the remainder of this campaign, it will be no longer in the power of the French to diſpute the reſult of it with the allies. Both the honor and advantages of it remain with the latter. They have gained ſix pitched battles and have been ſucceſsful in an equal number of important engagements; they have taken four fortreſſes of the firſt order, and ſeveral places of inferior ſtrength; they have ſaved Germany and re-conquered Italy, and in one campaign have placed thoſe two countries out of the reach of French ambition; let us hope that in the next they will be able to deliver France itſelf from the deſpotiſm under which it labours.

—

OFFICIAL ENGLISH BULLETIN.

The following was circulated from the government offices:

September 24, 1799.

"By diſpatches juſt arrived from the Duke of York, it appears that an attack on the French and Dutch army took place near Bergen on the 19th inſt. which ended to the diſadvantage of the allies.

"The Ruſſians proceeded to the charge full four hours before the time agreed on, and carried every thing away before them. They however ſuffered themſelves to be ſo much elated by this ſucceſs, that they penetrated to ſuch a diſtance as to draw upon them the whole army of the enemy, in conſequence of which they have loſt many men in killed and priſoners, and among the latter two generals. The Britiſh covered their retreat, and in ſo doing they alſo ſuffered a good deal."

September 26.

The Hamburgh mail due on Wedneſday laſt, arrived this morning. It has brought accounts from Conſtantinople of the 10th of Auguſt, announcing the capture of Aboukir and Roſetta by Muſtapha Pachai aſſiſted by the Engliſh, Ruſſian and Turkiſh ſquadrons.

The intelligence from Italy and Switzerland is not important. Suwarrow has undertaken no operations of much moment—his army has taken a new poſition—the left wing is at Novi, the centre touches Aſti, and the right extends from the Po to Turin. It ſhould ſeem from this poſition as if Suwarrow meant to inveſt Coni. Genoa has not yet fallen into the hands of the allies, though it was reported in ſome parts of Italy to have been taken on the 24th of Auguſt, a report which we know to be untrue. Gen. Klenau, who advanced from Spezzia to attack Genoa, was on that day repulſed.

The Imperial troops are withdrawing by degrees to the Briſgau, where the greater part of the Auſtrian army is concentrating itſelf. The Archduke's object is ſaid to be to croſs the Rhine between Baſle and Khel, in order to force Maſſena to abandon his ſtrong poſition. The French army of the Rhine ſtill occupies Siuſhreim and Wleſbach. The Ruſſians, under Gen. Korſakow, are at Zurich.

The plan of the Auſtrian government is, it is ſaid to leave the command of the Italian army in the hands of gen. Melas, to ſend Suwarrow to Switzerland, while the Archduke acts upon the Rhire.

—

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.

Muſtapha Pacha anchored with his forces in the bay of Aboukir, on the 11th of July and landed his troops the 16th, without any oppoſition—when they attacked the caſtle and redoubts, and after a heavy cannonade of five hours, the garriſon, conſiſting of 400 men, ſurrounded. Commodore ſir Sydney Smith arrived ſeven days after this took place, juſt in time to re-eſtabliſh the order of the troops, which by the following event, had been interrupted; Muſtapha being encamped on the plains of Aboukir, waiting for ſome artillery and other military ſtores, which he wanted for the ſiege of Alexandria, in opinion that the garriſon was weak and intimidated by the great ſuperiority of his forces, thought himſelf perfectly ſafe—but this ſafety was attended with ill conſequences—for during the night, a corps of French cavalry came upon them, and put the camp in confuſion. Muſtapha Pacha while in the act of mounting his horſe was killed by a piſtol ball, and a great part of his troops made priſoners.

In the ſitting of the repreſentative body of the Batavian people, on Thurſday, third October, the preſident of the firſt chamber ſaid, he had been informed by the preſident of the executive, that on the morning of the 2d a general attack had been made by the enemy, eſpecially on the left wing and center of the army; that there was a ſevere conteſt, and that in the afternoon at 3 o'clock it was *not yet decided*.

From a private letter received in this city, dated Amſterdam, October 5, we are enabled to ſtate, that the right wing of the Batavian army had then its head quarters at Purmerend, and was ſeparated from the centre, and the head-quarters of the left wing were at Beverwyk, about one league from Haerlem.

—

STUTGARD, September 20.

An Imperial officer paſſed this day thro' the city, to bring the account of the capture of the fortreſs of Tortona, to the Archduke. The garriſon conſiſting of 1044 men, left it on the 11th. agreeable to the convention of Auguſt 24, The Auſtrians found about 100 cannon in the citadel.—The terms of capitulation are as yet unknown. The garriſon flattered itſelf to be relieved by the armies of Moreau, and Championet, but the poſition of the Auſtrians made this impoſſible.

According to letters from Schaffhauſen, of September 18, nothing had taken place in Switzerland.

September 23.

According to advices from Switzerland, the Auſtrians exchanged their poſitions with the Ruſſians. The former now occupy Zurich and its vicinity, and the latter, the environs of the Linth. The reaſon of this change certainly is to make a junction of the Ruſſians in Switzerland with thoſe expected from Italy more convenient. It is aſſerted, that General Suwarrow will arrive in Switzerland to-morrow, to aſſume the ſupreme command of the forces there, and to combine his operations with thoſe of the Archduke.

—

BORDERS OF THE RHINE,
September 26.

Since the taking of Manheim nothing was done by the armies. The Archduke is yet at Schwetzingen, and has ſent but a few troops to the Lower Rhine. The Imperial army ſeems to be paſſively waiting until the plans concerted with Field Marſhal Suwarrow ſhall come to maturity.

—

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

SITTING OF SEPT. 10.

Meſſage of the Executive Directory to the Council of Five Hundred, on the ſurrender of the Dutch Fleet.

"*Citizens Repreſentatives,*

"THE letter from Amſterdam and the Hague, dated the 16th Fructidor, announced, that the Dutch fleet had ſurrendered by capitulation, to the Engliſh. The letter of the miniſter of the Dutch marine leaves no doubt upon the ſubject. It is too true, that at the approach of ſome Engliſh veſſels which penetrated into the Zuyder Zee, a revolt broke out on board the Dutch ſhips; the crews declared they would not fight, and the whole fleet has been ſurrendered without a capitulation; for it appears that rear admiral Storey and his officers would not conſecrate, by any treaty, this culpable defection, and that they preferred remaining priſoners of war. Thus, it is again upon treaſon that England has founded her ſucceſs. She triumphs in the Texel as ſhe triumphed at Toulon; but now, as then, a ſucceſs ſo obtained will be ſpeedily expiated. Since the day of their debarkation, the Engliſh army has made no progreſs. Hemmed in the extremity of North Holland, ſhe has in front of her the united Dutch and French armies. There, where there will be neither cowards nor traitors, ſhe has not to hope for ſucceſs. We expect the news of the deciſive engagement, and undoubtedly all Dutch republicans who fight for their homes and their independence, will waſh away the ſhame with which their ſailors have covered themſelves.

"The Directory have taken the ſpeedieſt meaſures to ſend to the Batavian republic all the diſpoſeable force; you will ſee that the moſt perfect unanimity reigns between the ſuperior authorities of Batavia, and preſides over the meaſures which are taken in common for the ſafety of the republic.

(Signed)

"SIEYES, Preſident."

To this meſſage was annexed the Dutch miniſter of marine's letter to the French miniſter, announcing the ſurrender of the fleet.

Briot.—"I aſk why men, who had a powerful influence in Batavia, neglected exerciſing it for the purpoſe of bringing into our ports theſe ſhips, whoſe loſs diminiſhes our force one third, to encreaſe that of the enemy? And why do men, united with us in the cauſe of liberty, announce to us coldly, that it is an inſurrection which forced them to ſurrender. Why do they remark that the Dutch admiral did not capitulate, he who dared not blow himſelf up rather than ſurrender? The coward who has diſhonored himſelf, and whom you ought to diſgrace for an example, did not imitate our brave admiral at Aboukir. I move the ſending a meſſage to the Directory, to deſire information upon the ſtate of the armies and the proviſioning of our fortreſſes, and that the commiſſion of Seven report in three days."—Agreed to.

Sitting of September 13.

Jourdan obtained permiſſion to ſpeak with reſpect to the perilous ſituation of the country—"The dangers to which it is expoſed are ſo imminent, that it is no longer poſſible to preſerve ſilence. Let us tear away the veil which covers the eyes of Republicans, and if there be any danger in doing ſo, I cheerfully expoſe myſelf to the poignards of the Royaliſts, and would rather periſh, if it be neceſſary, on the ſcaffold for my country, than live in diſhonor.

("We all wiſh the ſame fate," was reiterated by ſeveral members.)

"After an aſtoniſhing ſeries of reverſes, which were prepared by the old Directory and their agents, the army of Italy is reduced to the neceſſity of defending our territory. But what can mere valour atchieve? The ſtrong places deſtined to check the progreſs of the enemy have been delivered up by the machinations of treaſon, and by the want of the means of defence.

"The Batavian Republic is perhaps at this moment reſtored to the ſubjugation of the Stadtholder.

"Helvetia, formerly the aſylum of liberty, is threatened with being oppreſſed by foreign tyranny, notwithſtanding the honorable reſiſtence of the army of the Danube, which has excited the admiration of our enemies, and is ſo highly entitled to the gratitude of the nation."

He concluded with moving, "that the Legiſlative Body, do vote the country to be in danger, and that a Commiſſion of five Members be appointed to preſent the neceſſary meaſures to be adopted."

Beranger, Salicetti, Chenier, Angereau, Leſage, and ſeveral other Members, here left their places precipitately, in order to ſpeak from the Tribune, and a great tumult took place in the Council.

The preſident covered himſelf, and the tribune and the avenues to it were inſtantly filled with Deputies. After a very conſiderable agitation, tranquility was re-eſtabliſhed and the Preſident ſpoke.

"I invoke the Council and all France to witneſs for me, that I have adhered in the preſent criſis to the line of conduct marked out for me by the Law and the Conſtitution."

Bertrand moved that all the ſpeakers might be heard in their turns.—Agreed to.

Chenier, Lucien Buonaparte, and Daunou, argued againſt the motion.

La Marque and Quirot ſupported it.

Bailey moved the adjournment of the queſtion till to-morrow.—Agreed to.

Chenier obſerved, that when the Legiſlature declared in the commencement of the War, that the Country was in danger, there exiſted a conſpiring Throne which it was neceſſary to overturn; our armies were then commanded by Generals, appointed even from among the Counter-Revolutioniſts; now, your Generals are true Republicans, your armies are daily reinforced, and victory cannot long remain unfaithful to them. What reſemblance then can be drawn between our ſituation in July 1792, and Sept. 1799. I know that a ſecret Treaty has been ſpoken of, as being concluded with a King and a Monarchical Eſtabliſhment; but few among you will give credit to this rumour, and it is not on the vague aſſertion of a few men, new to you, who have given no pledge to the Republic, that you will withdraw your confidende from a Magiſtrate who before the Revolution——[Several voices—"This is not the queſtion!"]

Lemarque read a written ſpeech. He obſerved that he ſaw with ſorrow a diverſity of opinion in the Council on the means of ſaving the Country.—The danger, ſaid he, is now become ſo great, that every Republican ought to exclaim—*The Republic or Death*—[*Yes, Yes*, exclaimed all]. I then ſupport the propoſition ſaid Lamarque, that the Country is in danger, and I move that a Commiſſion of five be appointed to make their report within three days, of the meaſures moſt neceſſary to be adopted.

L. Buonaparte. And I alſo exclaim, *Liberty or Death!* But our deliberations ſhould be free from violence. We ought to be ſincerely ſorry for the agitation which has ſhewn itſelf in this ſitting. It has not however changed our opinion. We all wiſh for the proſperity of our country. It is deſired that we ſhould proclaim the country in danger, that the ſittings ſhould be permanent, and form a confederacy; but will theſe remedies be more ſalutary and efficacious, than if you give to the Executive Directory—(Murmurs)—Yes, I repeat it. You muſt give vigor to the arm that is to ſtrike. I hear it murmured around me, that I wiſh to inveſt the Directory with Directorial powers; but there is no one here who would not arm himſelf with a poignard to deliver France from new Dictators. I wiſh to ſtate that we ought to grant to the Directory all the conſtitutional power with which we can fortify it, that we ſhould repoſe all our confidence in it, and above all, poſtpone the ſpirit of oppoſition. (Several murmurs are heard.) The Directory can only be accuſed of imbecility or treaſon, and I do not believe them guilty of either. Why then refuſe to grant to them the power ſo requiſite to put a ſtop to the evils which threaten the republic? To adopt an oppoſite ſyſtem muſt ſubvert every wiſe and ſalutary plan.

The conduct of the Council of Elders is of the moſt beneficial nature to the country, and why ſhould we not imitate it—(*Murmurs*)—What can we hope from a Directory whoſe degradation you proclaim even at the gates of their palace?—[The murmurs increaſe, and ſeveral members exclaim finiſh your ſpeech.]—The declaration ſtating the country to be in danger will of itſelf produce no effect, and if it be only intended as the prelude of ſome new ſyſtem, I ſtop at the propoſition. I ſhall vote againſt Jourdan's motion.

His ſpeech was ordered to be printed.

Quirot—"I ſupport the motion, and think that Jourdan's motion is not calculated to excite any juſt grounds of ſuſpicion. When in 1792 the Legiſlative Aſſembly proclaimed the country in a ſtate of danger, the perils with which it was threatened from without were not ſo great as at preſent. We then enjoyed the glorious and happy days of the revolution. Patriots were not aſſaſſinated, the popular ſocieties nouriſhed the public ſpirit, the beſt citizens were not proſcribed by the appellation of Terroriſts, and dilapidations had not dried up our reſources. I ſtate it as a fact, that endeavors are making to corrupt by money, and other means, the repreſentatives of the people.

[Violent murmurs are heard in different parts of the Council.]

His ſpeech was ordered to be printed.

Daunou ſpoke at length againſt the motion—"I demand the previous queſtion for the following reaſons:—1 Becauſe there is no law which authoriſes the declaration. 2. Becauſe the meaſure would be uſeleſs. 3. Becauſe it tends to inſpire the friends of the Conſtitution of the third year with fears which nothing will be able to remove.

The queſtion was adjourned till to-morrow.

Sitting of the 14th.

The order of the day being read for reſuming the debate on Jourdan's motion for declaring the country in danger.

Curee having obſerved that it would have been of little ſervice to Jourdan to have declared his army in a ſtate of danger when he was at the head of it, unleſs he had more effectual means to extricate it, was called to order by Jourdan, who wiſhed to reply to the inſult offered to him.

[A violent tumult aroſe, and ſeveral propoſitions being brought forward, which were rejected, the Council went on with the diſcuſſion of the main queſtion.]

The previous queſtion was put twice and adopted.

The Appel Nominal was then called for.

Jourdan alluded to the diſplacing of Bernadotte, and hoped that his talents would be employed in ſome active way, but if his diſmiſſal was to be the prelude of ſome ſtate intrigue—[Here he was interrupted by a ſcene of great confuſion.]

Garrau—"I dread the re-action which is beginning (Murmurs) when I ſee a Rœderer and a Talleyrand employed. (Murmurs) I muſt ſay to all Republicans, that they ſhould treat thoſe who revoke re-action like royaliſts; that they ſhould no longer ſuffer themſelves to be butchered, and that the cry of "Down with the Jacobins," is the ſame as that of "Long live the King."

The council paſſed to the appel nominal on the queſtion of knowing whether the country ſhould be proclaimed in danger.

The number of votes was 416, of which 171 voted for the declaration, and 245 againg it.

Sitting of the 15th.

A meſſage was received from the Directory, announcing that the agents of the royal conſpiracy were preparing in Paris, Proclamations inviting the French to recognize Louis XVIII. and to rely upon his clemency. They invited the Council to examine whether the authors of ſuch writings ought not to be tried by military commiſſions. On the following day, the Council decreed a plan for raiſing 40,000 horſes by requiſition: in ſome places every 30th horſe, in other places every 40th that have been put under requiſion, is to be taken. Horſes for luxury, every 20th to be taken.

WILLIAM HUDSON,
No. 8 Chesnut Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has received by the late arrivals from Europe, in addition to his former Stock,

A complete Aſſortment of Goods,

which are now opening, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon;

Amongſt which are—

Superfine Cloths and Caſſimeres,
Double milled Drab Cloths,
Superfine Nap Cloths, aſſorted colors,
Blue and Drap Plains,
Swanſdowns and Swanſkins,
Drapery, Baiſes, aſſorted colors,
Blue, green, white and ſpotted Bockings,
Blue and grey Coatings,
Scarlet, white, red and yellow Flannels,
Velvets, Thickſets, Corduroys, and fancy Cords,
Striped elaſtic Cloths and Coatings,
Fancy Marſeilles Waiſtcoatings,
Mens' and Womens' fine worſted Hoſe,
Do. do. worſted Gloves and Mits.
Mens' Socks,
Calimancoes, Durants & Joans Spinnings,
6 bales of Roſe Blankets, completely aſſorted, by the bale, &c. &c.

Nov. 6. d6ot

For LIVERPOOL,

THE DANISH SHIP
LITTLE MARTHA,
OLEA C. MARK, master,
Burthen 300 tons,

THE principal part of her cargo being now ready to go on board, ſhe will ſail with all poſſible diſpatch. For Freight apply to
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

Nov. 27, 1799 6

Drawing School.

MR. BECK having been ſolicited by many of his friends to engage in a Drawing School, takes the liberty of informing them and the public that he intends opening one at his houſe in Fifth ſtreet, oppoſite the State houſe yard, on Monday the 4th of November, on the following terms:

Mondays, Wedneſdays and Fridays,

	Dols.
Ladies from three till five, per quarter,	9
Gentlemen, from half paſt 5 till half paſt 7,	9
Private Leſſons, at home for one hour,	1
From home, two hours,	3

PERSPECTIVE,

The eſſential ground work of all kinds of drawing, taught by a much more ſimple and ſhort method than hitherto practiſed.

—

WANTED,

A perſon to do houſe work; alſo a boy to attend the family and take care of a horſe.

November 27. 3tawtf

MATTHEW M'CONNELL

Having opened an Office in Chesnut ſtreet,
(A few doors above Fourth)
At No. 141,

AND *again* commenced the Buſineſs of Negociations, in the various kinds of *Public Stock, Bills of Exchange, &c. &c.* Engages to do every thing in his power to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may think proper to employ him. He means to confine his tranſactions to the *Agency and Commiſſion* line, in all ſuch buſineſs as is common to the profeſſion.

The purchaſe and ſale of *Houſes and Lots* in and near the City will be attended to, and alſo *of Lands*, when that buſineſs again revives.

November 19. d2w

Forty four hogſheads prime Kentuckey

TOBACCO,
FOR SALE,
By NEILL & SMITH,
No. 159, *Market ſtreet.*

Nov. 22. d1w

LOGWOOD
FOR SALE,
On board the brigantine Five Siſters.
Enquire of JOSEPH DONALDSON.
November 27. ¶1ot

FOR SALE,

Holland Linens,
German Linſeys, fil depreuve,
Ginghams,
Ladies Kid Gloves, by the dozen or quantity.

☞ Apply at No. 17 South Fourth Street, near the Indian Queen.

November 27. ¶6t

FOR SALE,
THE CARGO
Of the ſhip Rebecca, John M'Keever, maſter, from BATAVIA,
—*Conſiſting of*—
350,000 wt. of COFFEE & 20,000 wt. of SUGAR, } *firſt qualities*
Apply to
JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 155, ſouth Water ſtreet.

Nov. 27. d1ot

FOR SALE,
A LOT OF LAND,
Containing between twelve and thirteen acres.
Situate on the College road,
Leading from Schuylkill to the Market houſe in Germantown,
Adjoining lands of John Dorſey & James Hoyes.

IT is nearly as high as any part of the hilly townſhip of Roxborough, and has the advantage of a good road—the ſoil is good, part of which has been well manured laſt ſeaſon, and an excellent piece of watered meadow which may be put under water at pleaſure; a good proſpect—There has been erected laſt ſummer an excellent ſtone barn; a well is nearly compleated, and a cellar dug for a tenant's houſe—About 70 perches ſtone quarried on the premiſes preparatory for further improvement. The whole under new cedar poſt and rail fence. The purchaſer can be accommodated with a ſtrong light waggon calculated for two horſes to haul manure, &c with excellent harneſs entirely new. Apply at

No. 103, *High ſtreet.*

11 mo. 24th, 1799 d1w

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 2.

Juſtum et tenacem propoſiti virum,
Non civium ardor prava jubentium,
Non vultus inſtantis tyranni,
Mente quatit ſolida.

The "Calm Obſerver" is exerting all the energy of body and mind which the violence of his paſſion ſtill permits him to retain, in endeavours to reinſtate himſelf in the ſtation from which the juſt reſentment of the Federaliſts had driven him. Not content with requiring the influence of men of his own character, he has the *meanneſs* to ſolicit, both by letter and perſonal application, that of the Federaliſts themſelves. But they will recollect that "the tyger crouches before he leaps upon his prey."

The gin-drinking pauper who is ſaid to conduct Bache's paper, boaſts of having been highly complimented by a reſpectable Engliſh merchant of this city. The aſperſion is undoubtedly a lie; as there is no man, "born," as Bolingbroke ſays, "in England, under any circumſtances, in any ſituation," who would not be aſhamed and afraid to perpetrate ſuch an act of humiliation and diſgrace. The exultation with which the vagabond mentions it, ſhews, however, that the compliments of gentlemen are not "renewed upon him every day."

ADDRESS
TO A
PIPE of GIN,
By Jaſper Dwight,

Occaſioned by ſeeing a Quantity rolling into a Store.

O! thou delicious-flavor'd, wholeſome juice,
Not leſs for pleaſure, purpoſ'd than for uſe!
Source of Democracy, and ſource of joy—
Come let me taſte thee—Gin can never cloy.

[*Puts his mouth to the Bung and ſucks up a draught thro' a ſtraw—the owner of the gin licks him into the gutter—but new inſpired—he thus ſings on*]

What tho' thy face be pale like vulgar water,
Thou haſt a ſubſtance wrought of higher matter,
Ah! as I've quaff'd thee down, behind the door,
While watchful tapſter chalk'd up ſcore on ſcore,
How has my brain elate with tranſport ran
Thro' all the details of the rights of man,
Even when in dungeons by vile tyrants chain'd,
Thy powerful aid my ſunken ſoul ſuſtain'd;
And tho' a convict, void of every means,
I dream't of liberty and guillotines—
Whether in dram-ſhop or in dungeon drear
Celeſtial Nectar be thou ever near—

[*The operation of the draught occaſions him to fall down drunk in the ſtreet, where the Muſe of courſe left him.*

The federaliſts muſt not divide. The more a government is free and popular in its form, the more is its fate entruſted to the ſenſe and virtue, in other words, to the federaliſm of the citizens. To divide that party is to dig up the foundations of liberty: it is taking out the underpinning from its temple, and expoſing it to ſudden and certain ruin. And why ſhould the federaliſts divide *at preſent?* The REASONS for the miſſion to France are *not yet* given to the public. Is it not ſhallow to argue upon them before we can have them. Time will ſoon afford the proper ground of diſcuſſion, and enable candid men to judge correctly.

[*Com. Gaz.*]

If Pennſylvania had choſen, one after the other, two water-drinking Governors, there might have been ſome reaſon for accuſing her as many ſtill do, of antifederaliſm and oppoſition to the exciſe law of Congreſs. This calumny againſt a ſiſter ſtate has been too long current: for the electors certainly well knew, when they gave their votes, that no two men living are more in the *habit* of ſupporting the exciſe, or do more in the way of *example* to encourage the voluntary contribution of others to its productiveneſs. This, we inſiſt, is practical federaliſm. It is *doing* ſomething to ſupport the revenue.

[*ib.*

It is not ſurpriſing to hear the voice of jacobiniſm raiſed againſt the excellent "*Diſcourſes on Davila.*" The learned author, inſtead of attempting to miſlead the public mind, or weaken the attachment of his countrymen to the love of liberty, has taken infinite pains to *correct* their opinions, and lead them to a contemplation of the true ſcience of government, by convincing them, that all men are under the influence of certain paſſions, which will war with each other, and produce diſcord, unleſs regulated by a proper balance of powers in the government, and a vigorous execution of its laws. Theſe are truths that would never eſcape the lips of a man who wiſhed to enſlave his country, or abuſe its confidence.

[*ib.*

Married, at Burlington, on Thurſday evening laſt, by the Rev. Mr. Abercrombie, of Philadelphia, the *Rev. Charles Henry Wharton, D. D.* Rector of St. Mary's Church, Burlington, to *Miſs Kinſey*, daughter of the honourable James Kinſey, Eſq. Chief Juſtice of the State of New-Jerſey.

ERRATA.

In the piece ſigned, *The Lay Preacher of Pennſylvania*, of Saturday evening laſt, pleaſe to make the following corrections:

After the ſecond line from the beginning, inſert the words "*primitive ſimplicity, which may be ſeen to,*" &c.

About the middle of the fourth paragraph in the firſt column, after the words "were with us," and before the word "hurt," inſert *we.*

In the laſt ſentence of the laſt paragraph but one, inſtead of "eſteems him for," &c. read "eſteems him *fit* for," &c.

In the laſt paragraph, inſtead of "the eye *look* for," &c. read "the eye *looks* for," &c.

[OFFICIAL.]

Extract of a letter from Gibralter, dated 25th September, 1799.

"On the 22d ult. arrived the ſchooner Samuel, of Boſton, commanded by Edward Hedge, from Boſton, with 12 men, 2 ſix pounders and 6 ſmaller guns, or ſwivels on carriages. She was coming in at night-fall, and gallantly fought her way in the gut through five privateers for an hour, ſuppoſed chiefly to be French; but from a 24 pound ſhot found on board, it was concluded ſome of the Spaniſh gun-boats, that were out, muſt have alſo fired upon her. Said ſhot greatly damaged her ſtern. The Engliſh frigate Dorothea and a brig ſlipt and went to her aſſiſtance, but were too late, as ſhe ſoon after anchored ſafely:—However they ſunk a Spaniſh gun-boat. Capt. Hedge's behaviour was greatly applauded, and, I muſt ſay, did honor to the flag. No one was hurt on board the Samuel."

CONGRESS.

The Houſe of Repreſentatives met and formed a quorum at 1 o'clock, when a ballot was proceeded with for the election of a Speaker and Clerk.

The Hon. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Eſq. was choſen Speaker.

And JONATHAN WILLIAMS CONDY, Eſq. was elected Clerk.

The votes for Speaker were as follows:

Mr. Sedgwick	44.
Mr. Macon	26.
Mr. Dent	13.
Mr. Rutledge	2.

For clerk, the votes were as follows:

Mr. Condy	47.
John Beckley	38.

A quorum of the Senate having alſo aſſembled, a Committee was appointed by that Body, who together with a Committee on the part of the Houſe, having waited on the Preſident, reported that he will meet the two Houſes in the Repreſentatives' Chamber, to-morrow, at 12 o'clock.

Mrs. Adams's Drawing Room will commence on Friday next, and will continue once a fortnight during the winter.

FIRST DAY,
OR
SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

THE *Board of Viſitors*, appointed by the Society for the inſtitution and ſupport of the Firſt Day, or Sunday Schools, beg leave to inform their fellow citizens, that they are opened, at the uſual places, for the reception of Scholars, at ſuch hours as will not interfere with thoſe dedicated to Divine Worſhip.

The utility of this Inſtitution has been much greater than could have been expected, and with additional funds, might be much more extended.

The children of the indigent and laborious poor, are ſuperintended by reputable and aſſiduous teachers, are furniſhed with books, pens, ink and paper; and are thus reſcued from ſavage ignorance, acquire habits of order and induſtry, and hereby qualified to be good ſervants, good apprentices, and we hope, they will become, good maſters and good citizens.

They earneſtly ſolicit all influential Characters, in the City and Liberties, particularly their friends in Southwark, (as the School in that diſtrict is at preſent ſmall) to aſſiſt in this benevolent undertaking, by urging ſuch children as may be ſuitable objects of the Inſtitution, to avail themſelves of ſo favorable an opportunity of acquiring uſeful inſtruction.

A School, for Girls, is taught by JOHN ELY, Third, above Mulberry-ſtreet, back of the Preſbyterian Church; one for Boys, by SILAS DINSMOOR, in Cherry-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth-ſtreets; and another for Boys, by THADDEUS BROWN, in Front, nearly oppoſite to Shippen-ſtreet, in Southwark.

The Schools are open from 7 to half paſt 9 o'clock, in the forenoon, and from 1 'till 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Board,
THOMAS MENDENHALL, *Chairman.*
JOHN ORMROD, *Secretary.*
11th Month (Nov.) 29th, 1799.

BALTIMORE, November 29.

Extract of a letter from St. Domingo, dated October 11, to a gentlemen in this city.

"The French ſloop of war Diligente, commanded by citizens du Bois, on her way from Rochfort to the city of Santo Domingo, with diſpatches from the executive directory to the agent and cammander in chief of this iſland, captured the ſhip America,* of Hamburg, captain Jacob Frederick Enjelbrecht, on the 6th September, 1799—in lat. 28, 00, N. long. 35, 00 W. from London; on her return home from Bengal, with a very rich cargo belonging to Mr. Jacob I. Chapperouje, of Hamburg.

N. B. The ſloop of War arrived here the 26th September—but the prize (which was ordered for this port) has not been heard of ſince.

* *Formerly the Camilla of Philadelphia*

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Port of Philadelphia.

ARRIVED.

Brig Weſt Point, Ellerſon, Hamburgh, via N. York.

Sch. Franklin, Alexandria, 8 days.

Ship Gordſden, ——, ſent into Halifax, on the paſſage from Rhode-Iſland to St. Sebaſtians, is condemned, with the greateſt part of her cargo, conſiſting of Cocoa.

New York, November 30.

ARRIVED. days

Ship	2 Brothers, Cumings, Liverpool	67
Brig	Peggy, Lawrence, Belfaſt	55
	Georgia Packet, Burnham, C. F.	—
	Sally, Coffin, Liverpool	76
Schr.	Good Intent, Redd, Surinam	—
	Eliza Myers, Long, Malaga	40
	Factor Hathway, Gibralter	63
	Baltimore, Cotton, St. Jago	50
	Betſey, ——, Wilmington	6

Extract from the Log Book of the ſhip Waſhington, Captain Packwood, in 50 days from Malaga, arrived yeſterday morning.

October 4 light air from the N. W. and clear; at 6 A. M. ſaw a ſhip in the offing, about 3 leagues diſtance, attacked by the French privateers, ſuppoſed to be an American ſhip; we immediately got under way to aſſiſt him; directly after getting under way quiet calm, out all ſweeps and got the boat ahead, and tried every exertion to get off to them; at Meridian, the town of Malagabore N. E. by N. two leagues diſtance; at 3 P. M. found we could not reach her before night, ſhe having breeze while we were becalmed; hove about and rowed in for the harbour again; at 4 P. M. ſaw one of the privateers quit the ſhip and ſtanding after us, we lay upon our oars watching for him; at half paſt 5 ſhe came up within gun ſhot, gave him a gun; ſhe then hoiſted French colours; we gave him a broadſide, ſhe then bore away for the land, and we after her, keeping a continual fire; at 6 ſhe got ſo near into the harbor of Malaga, that we were obliged to ceaſe firing; ſhe ran into the Mole and anchored; at 11 we came to anchor off the Mole: 5th at 8 A. M. ſaw a brig ſuppoſed to be an American, in poſſeſſion of a French privateer; at 1 P. M. ſaw the privateer take the brig in tow; at half paſt 1 got under way and towed out after them. with 4 boats ahead, and at 5 gave them a ſhot; the privateer notwithſtanding, kept the brig in tow, and ran for the land; we manned 3 boats and purſued them; upon obſerving the boats coming towards her, ſhe took her men out of the brig, and cut her adrift, ſtill rowing in for the land, and keeping up a briſk firing upon the boats and brig—On boarding the brig, we found her to be the Thomas Pinckney, capt, Laughton, from Palermo bound to New York, was captured by the French on the 3d October. We gave captain Laughton command of his brig, and on the 7th, got under way with the following veſſels: Ship Ann, capt. Adams, brig Thomas Pinckney, capt. Laughton, and the armed 3 maſted ſchooner, Eliza Myers, capt. Lang, arrived this day) all of New-York, and ſchooners Ranger, of Warren, and Farmer's Delight.

October 9th, the convoy ſtanding in for Gibraltar, were fired upon by a ſmall Spaniſh battery on the eaſtward line; the Eliza, Myers, received a ſhot between wind and water; after her arrival at Gibraltar found it to be a 28 pounder, which lodged between the pumps.

Oct. 12, ſailed from Gibraltar with the beforementioned veſſels—at day light, ſaw three ſail ahead, which proved to be Swediſh, bound to Barcelona.

Oct. 13th, ſpoke ſhip Canton, Palmer, from Cadiz, bound to Charleſton; and on the 22d, ſpoke ſhip Minerva, of Norfolk, bound to do.

October 27, left the fleet, lat. 31, 11, N.

Nov. 4, ſpoke the brig Ocean from Embden, bound to Philadelphia captain M. informed of his being in company with ſhip Cheeſeman, capt. Clarkſon, from Embden, bound to New-York. left him on the 30th Sept. long. 14, W all well.

Nov 25, ſpoke ſhip Charleſton, Church, from New York, bound to Liverpool, 3 days out, ſupplied us with water and other neceſſary articles.

Bank of North America.

THE STOCKHOLDERS

ARE hereby notified that an Election for Twelve Directors for the enſuing year, will be held at the Bank, on Monday the 13th January next, at 10 o'clock.

RICHARD WELLS, *Caſhier.*
Dec. 2, 1799. *dtF*

New Theatre.

The Public are reſpectfully informed the entertainments of the New Theatre will commence on Wedneſday the fourth of December. Particulars will be announced in future advertiſements.

WIGNELL & RENAGLE.

TO BE SOLD,
On Saturday the 7th day of December,
At ſeven o'clock in the evening,
AT THE MERCHANTS COFFEE HOUSE,
SEVERAL
Very Elegant Situations
FOR
SUMMER RETREATS,

ABOUT three miles and a half from the city. Theſe ſituations command a very extenſive view of the city and river, and are remarkably healthy; one tract which joins lands of W. Poyntell, Eſq. and others, contain ſixty acres, more or leſs, about fifteen acres of which is fine young Wood, and is well watered.

Two other tracts, on each of which are very elegant ſcites for buildings, containing from eight to fourteen acres.

☞ Any perſon diſpoſed to purchaſe at a private ſale, will pleaſe to apply to E. BONSALL, or to WILLIAM MACPHERSON, the proprietor. The terms of payment will be made known at the time of ſale, and a clear and indiſputable title given,

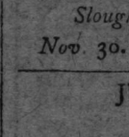
John Connelly, Auctioneer.
December 2.

WILLIAM SHEAFF
HAS FOR SALE,
At No. 168 *High Street, wholeſale & retail,*
FIRST QUALITY
Madeira of the vintages of '92 to '97 } WINES,
Old Sherry, Port and Liſbon }
Firſt and fourth proof old Coniac Brandy,
Jamaica Spirits
ALSO,
A few Tons of Upland and Meadow Hay.
December 2 d6t

MARSHAL'S SALE.

United States,
Pennſylvania Diſtrict, } ſs.

In purſuance of a writ to me directed, from the honorable Richard Peters, Eſquire, Judge of the Diſtrict Court of the United States, in and for the Pennſylvania Diſtrict, will be expoſed to public ſale at the Merchants Coffee Houſe, in the City of Philadelphia, on Saturday the 7th of December next, at 12 o'clock, at noon;



The armed French veſſel,
CALLED,
LA MAGICIENNE,

With all and ſingular her apparel, guns and appurtenances, as the ſame now are, having been lately ſeized and taken on the high ſeas, and within the juriſdiction of the ſaid Court, libelled againſt, proſecuted and condemned, at the ſuit of Moſes Brown, Eſq. commander of the public armed veſſel called the Merrimack, in behalf of himſelf and the other officers, and crew thereof.

WILLIAM NICHOLS, *Marſhal.*
Marſhal's Office at Philadelphia, }
29th day of December, 1799. }
N. B. An inventory may be ſeen at the office.
Dec. 2. dtf.

POST OFFICE,
November 30, 1799.

THE Poſt Office will be *Removed* this day at Sun ſet, to No. 27 South third Street. dtf.

LANCASTER STAGES.

THE Proprietors of the Philadelphia and Lancaſter line of Stages DISPATCH, return their grateful thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the paſt favors they have received, and inform them that in addition to the regular Line, they are provided with Carriages, ſober and careful drivers, to go through between the City and Borough in two days. Thoſe who prefer this mode of travelling can be accommodated at the Stage Office, ſign of United States Eagle, Market ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Slough, Downing, Dunwoody & Co.
Nov. 30. ¶ 2t—§

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE,
By WILLIAM YOUNG,
S. W. corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreets,
No 1,
Of Recreations in Agriculture, Natural Hiſtory, Arts, and Miſcellaneous Literature,
By James Anderſon, L. L. D. F. R. S. & F. S. A.
Price half a Dollar.

Subſcriptions for this work will be received by William Young.
Nov. 30. 4t

Genteel furniſhed Apartments,
To-Let, in Cheſnut ſtreet,
Suitable for
MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.
Enquire at the Office of this Gazette.
Nov. 30. 3t—Dec. 2&4

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

ON Thurſday, 22d October, deſerted from the encampment, near Briſtol, Pennſylvania, HENRY WEST, an enliſted Muſician, belonging to the company of Captain Matthew Henry of the tenth regiment of United States Infantry. He was 26 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, grey eyes, fair complexion, born in the county of Tyrone, Ireland, he is a little ſtoop ſhouldered and ſpeaks in a low tone of voice.

ALSO,

Deſerted from the company of captain Hugh Brady, on Saturday, 26th October, four privates, JOHN DENNIS, aged 34, 5 feet 8 inches high, born in New York, grey eyes, brown hair, brown complexion, was much addicted to liquor, and when intoxicated very talkative. SOLOMON SMITH, aged 37, 5 feet 7 inches high, born in New-York, grey eyes, brown hair, fair complexion, a notorious offender, this being his third deſertion. SIMEON DUN, aged 21 years, and 6 months, 5 feet 5 inches high, born in New-Jerſey, grey eyes, fair hair, brown complexion.

CHARLES Mc. LEY, aged 26, 5 feet 6 inches high, born in Ireland, grey eyes, black hair, dark complexion—he is ſuppoſed to be in Norriſtown, or its neighbourhood—it is not known what clothing they had when they deſerted; but the probability is that they have changed their military habits.

Whoever ſhall take up the above deſerters and lodge them in any jail ſo that their officers may get them again, or ſhall deliver them to the ſubſcriber at his quarters in Filbert, between Ninth and Tenth ſtreets, ſhall receive the above reward and for either of them a proportionate reward of ten dollars and all reaſonable expences.

BENJAMIN GIBBS, jun.
Captain, 10th U. States Regiment Infantry.
november, 11. d2w.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on Saturday evening the 13th July inſtant, from Colebrook Furnace, Lancaſter county, a Negro Man named *Cato*, he is about 40 years of age, five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, tolerable black, with a down ill look, ſquints, he is a cunning artful fellow, a great liar, and very fond of ſtrong liquor, has been brought up to the farming buſineſs, is very handy at any kind of laboring work; he took with him a number of clothing, amongſt which were, one ſuit plain Nankeen; (ſome money). It is expected he has ſhaped his courſe for Philadelphia or New York.

† The above reward will be paid for ſecuring him in any gaol in the United States, with reaſonable charges if brought home.

SAMUEL JACOBS.
Colebrook Furnace, July 16, 1799.
(O18) d6m

Now Ready for Sale,
AT
GEORGE DAVIS's
Law Book Store,
No. 319, *High Street,*
A very valuable and extenſive Aſſortment of
Law Books,

IMPORTED this fall and immediately before the late ſickneſs, comprehending almoſt every Book in uſe, of the lateſt London and Iriſh editions. They will be diſpoſed of from a ſingle volume, to an entire Library at the ſame prices as have heretofore given ſuch general ſatisfaction.

By ſundry veſſels daily expected from London and Dublin, his ſtock will as uſual be kept up, ſo that gentlemen will ſeldom be diſappointed when applying at his ſtore.

N. B. This day is publiſhed, Davis's Law Catalogue for 1799, of books for ſale, which may be had gratis, on application as above.
November 8 tuth&ſam

FOR SALE,
At No. 103 *Market Street,*
On reaſonable terms, for Caſh or a ſhort Credit,
THE STOCK
ON HAND,
Of GEORGE PENNOCK, deceaſed,
CONSISTING OF
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
Dry Goods,

A WELL aſſorted invoice of German goods ſelected for the Weſt India market, as well as ſuitable for home conſumption.

Alſo, juſt arrived in the ſhip America, 100 pieces Blue Plains, 3 trunks fancy Chintz, 2 trunks muſlins, 1 trunk Checks, and 1 trunk Ginghams.

Likewiſe a handſome Coachee and a pair of quiet, large, well broke Bay Horſes.

GEORGE WILLIAMS,
Acting adminiſtrator to the eſtate of Geo. Pennock, deceaſed.
November 9.

MADEIRA WINE.

THE Subſcriber, has juſt received a quantity of HILL's Firſt Quality
London Particular Wine,
In Pipes, Hhds and Quarter Caſks.
GIDEON HILL WELLS.
Philadelphia, Nov. 12. 3taw2m

FOR SALE,
THE SHIP
ORONO,

JUST arrived from Port Republicain, burthen 332 tons, mounting 12 ſix and nine pound cannon; ſmall arms, &c. complete. Has been thoroughly repaired within theſe three months and is ready to proceed to ſea.

ALSO,

The cargo of ſaid Ship, conſiſting of two hundred and eighty hogſheads of Sugar of a ſuperior quality, 140,000 weight of Prime Coffee in hogſheads and barrels, and 25 tons of Logwood—by

THOMAS KETLAND.
Nov. 25. d1w

For FREIGHT *or* CHARTER,
For Europe or the Weſt Indies,
THE SHIP
PACIFIC,

PERKINS SALTER, Maſter,
She is a ſtaunch good Ship, well fitted, burthen about 3000 *barrels, and ready to receive a cargo on board.*

☞ For terms apply to
WHARTON and LEWIS,
No 115 South Front ſtreet,
WHO HAVE FOR SALE,
A parcel of Havanna Molaſſes,
Old Madeira Wine,
Ground Ginger,
Burlington Pork, &c. &c.
November 21. *dtf*

At a Court of Common Pleas held at Union Town, for the county of Fayette, the fourth Monday of June, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine, before the Judges of the ſame court, on the petition of John Wilſon, praying that the act of Aſſembly, providing that the perſon of a debtor ſhall not be liable to impriſonment for debt after delivering up his eſtate for the uſe of his creditors, may be extended to him. The Court appoint the firſt day of next term, to hear the petitioner and his creditors, and order that he give his creditors public notice hereof, in Fenno's Philadelphia paper, and in Yundt and Brown's Baltimore paper, for one week, ending at leaſt four weeks before the day of hearing; and that he alſo give to John Gilleſpie and Jacob Everhart perſonal notice in writing, to be ſerved on them, at leaſt fifteen days previous to the hearing. At September term, this order was continued to the firſt day of December term.

By the Court,
EPHRAIM DOUGLASS,
Prothonotary.

TO LET,
THE HOUSE
No. 9 *South Water Street.*
☞ Enquire at No. 55 North Water ſtreet of
JOHN CLARK.
Philadelphia, *Nov.* 18. dtf

LOST OR STOLEN,
On the 28th inſtant,
A New ſingle caſe Silver Watch,

With a hand ſhewing the day of the month on the face, and marked on the inſide of the caſe, A C C 13773 with a light blue ſilk ſtring and a gilt key fixed thereto. Whoever will deliver the ſaid watch at no. 13 South Third-ſtreet, ſhall receive Four Dollars reward

N. B. Watch makers and others are requeſted to ſtop the ſaid watch if offered for ſale, and give information as above.
nov 29. 2t

TWO or three Gentlemen with their ſervants, may be accommodated with Lodgings and Breakfaſt, and two furniſhed rooms, at No. 83 north Fifth Street.
November 27. *w&ſtf*

Boarding and Lodging.

A FAMILY or Single Gentlemen may be accommodated with genteel Boarding and Lodging, at No. 53 North Fourth Street, conſiſting of ſix chambers, a large dining room, a parlor and ſuitable rooms for ſervants.
November 26 '99. ¶tt&f

Just Published,

A COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

Of Practical Surveying and dividing of land; briefly comprized under the following heads, viz.

TWENTY-THREE Geometrical Definitions, eleven Geometrical Positions, exhibiting to view the properties and dependencies of triangles; followed by problems and examples preparatory to Trigonometry, heights and diſtances. Then fifteen problems and examples neceſſarily previous to calculating a Survey ſucceeded by ſeven ſurveys, the area of the four firſt is found geometrically, and of the whole number by difference of latitude and departure, ſhewing how to take an inacceſſible boundary, find the bearing and diſtance of the cloſing line without running it, alſo the diſtances to an inacceſſible corner from the two adjacent corners, followed by examples of offſets on to winding ſtreams of water, ſhewing how to aſcertain the area without the trouble of meaſuring the windings with chains and inſtruments—a crooked water courſe ſtraitened, and a quantity of land on each ſide found by theſe offſets.

Ten examples of dividing land, with many ſub-diviſions, leading into the moſt critical circumſtances that can occur in practice; an example of Interſections, and an example ſhewing how the bearings of a field may be truly taken where the needle is attracted, altho' the attraction may vary in quantity and denomination at every ſtation; examples ſhewing the method of meaſuring by the chain only. All the rules are clear and explicit. This work contains the tables of difference of latitude and departure and of logarithms.

Orders ſent to Joſeph and James Cruckſhank, Bookſellers, No. 87, High-ſtreet, Philadelphia, Bonſall and Niles, 173, Market Street, Baltimore, or the Subſcriber in Wilmington (Del.) will be duly attended to.

Thoſe who have the care of ſubſcription papers for this work, are raqueſted to ſend their reſpective numbers as ſoon as poſſible, to whom the quota's will be ſent agreeably to the propoſals.

ZACHARIAH JESS.

Wilmington, 9th 11 mo—16. 3awsm.

JUST RECEIVED,

From the BOSTON Manufactory,

A QUANTITY OF

WINDOW GLASS,

Of different sizes,

FOR SALE

By ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any ſize or ſizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from ſaid manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpoſe—Apply at No. 9, South Water-ſtreet, as above.

july 8 dtf

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſite Congress Hall,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge ſubject to a ground rent of 20s per annum.

The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equalit, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.

march 5 tu.th ſa tf

WHEREAS,

AN attachment was lately iſſued out of the inferior court of common pleas of the county of Eſſex, in the ſtate of New Jerſey, directed to the ſheriff of the ſaid county, againſt the rights, credits, monies and effects, goods and chattels, lands and tenements of *John Cleves Symmes* at the ſuit of *William Wells*, in a plea of treſpaſs on the caſe to his damage three thouſand dollars;—

And whereas, the ſaid ſheriff did, at the term of June laſt paſt, return to the ſaid court that he had attached the defendant by a certain bond given by Matthias Denman and Samuel Meeker to the ſaid defendant, to the amount of near two thouſand dollars, and alſo by ſixty land warrants;—

Now therefore, unleſs the ſaid John Cleves Symmes ſhall appear, give ſpecial bail, and receive a declaration at the ſuit of the plaintiff, judgment will be entered againſt him, and his property herein attached, will be ſold agreeably to the ſtatute in ſuch caſe made and provided.

Aaron Ogden, *Clerk, &c.*

Elizabeth-town, July 8, 1799 (11) 12aw12m

TO BE SOLD,

THREE or four lots of about 30 or 40 acres each, more or leſs as may ſuit a purchaſer. On each of which there is a good ſituation for a houſe—viz. one on the river Delaware, ſuitable either for a gentleman's ſeat, or for a perſon who might wiſh to engage in the lumber buſineſs having a good landing. One commanding a good view of the river from the higheſt ground between the Pennypack and Poqueſſin creeks; and another on the Briſtol Road. Enquire of Mr. Gilpin near the 11 mile ſtone on the ſaid road.

ALSO

FOUR LOTS,

Of about 10 acres each with good ſituations for building; one of which is ſuitable for a tan-yard, and has a ſmall ſtone houſe and a young bearing orchard on it, on the Newtown road near Snider's mill about 10 miles from Philadelphia, and one other lot of about 30 acres on the Pennypack.—Enquire of Jonathan Cliſt who lives on the premiſes or of Mr. Gilpin.

Poſſeſſion will be given in the ſpring, but building materials may be collected ſooner.

November 8 2awtf.

Taxes of Lycoming County.

JOHN KIDD, Treaſurer,

BY Direction of the *Commiſſioners* of Lycoming county, attends at Philadelphia to receive the Taxes aſſeſſed upon unſeated Lands in that County, from the holders thereof, in this City. Thoſe who have filed with the Commiſſioners, ſtatements of their Lands, are requeſted to call upon him, to know the amount of Taxes thereon, and pay them; otherwiſe, before his leaving the City, they will be put into the hands of the Sheriff for collection, agreeably to the act for raiſing county rates and levies. Thoſe who have not filed ſtatements of their lands with the Commiſſioners, and are deſirous of having it done, to prevent ſales without previous perſonal Notice, may file with the above Treaſurer, their liſts, ſtating the quantities returned, number and dates of the warrants and names of the warrantees, under which they hold their lands. He will attend at Mr. Joſeph Hardy's No. 98, Market ſtreet for this purpoſe until the 18th inſtant.

November 9.

COPPER,

Proper for sheathing vessels, and for Coppersmiths use,

FOR SALE,

By JOHN ALLEN,

No. 122 SPRUCE STREET.

ALSO,

A few Crates Glaſs Ware, aſſorted.

November 14. 10t

BY Virtue of an Order of the Court of Common Pleas of Delaware County, appointing us auditors in a Domeſtic attachment on the property of William Marſhall, will be ſold at public ſale on Seventh day the 21ſt of next Month at the Pothouſe of Edward Fell in Springfield Townſhip,

A large quantity of Earthenware,

CONSISTING OF

Pots, Pans, Plates, Jugs, Mugs, Bowles, &c. alſo a quantity of unburnt ware, Potters' implements, ſundry articles of houſehold furniture and a Ten Plate Stove.

The ſale to begin at 12 o'clock, when attendance will be given and conditions made known by

JOSEPH KHOADS,
W. PENNOCH,
DAVID PRATT, } Auditors.

11th Month 19th 1709.

All perſons having any demands againſt ſaid Marſhal, are deſired to authenticate and produce them, on or before the 21ſt of next Month, that they may be liquidated and all thoſe who are indebted, to make immediate payment to ſaid Auditors.

November 20 12awt22D

The following Certificates

OF THE

STOCK of the BANK of the United States

In the names of Nicolaas Van Staphorſt and Nicholas Hubbard of Amſterdam, to wit,

No 29,160 for 5 ſhares, 29,161 for 2 ſhares, 29,162 for 2 ſhares, 29,163 for 1 ſhare, 29,115 for 4 ſhares, and 29 116 for 5 ſhares; and the following certificates of the debt of the United States, on the books of the Treaſury, to wit, No 12,823, dated February 22, 1799, for 4000 dollars three per cents, in name of Nicolaas Van Staphorſt of Amſterdam, No. 12,824 ſame date for 4000 dollars three per cents, in name of Jacob Van Staphorſt of Amſterdam, No 16,348 dated 19th February 1799, for 783 dollars 33 cents of three per cents, and No 12,818 ſame date, for 633 dollars 33 cents of three per cents, in the name of Nicholas Hubbard of Amſterdam, and No. 12,817 dated 19th February 1799, for 3300 dollars three per cents, in the name of Jan Hendrick Kingſbergen, knight of the Ruſſian military order of St. George, were ſent by the Britiſh packet Cheſterfield, Captain Jones, which veſſel was captured and the ſaid certificates loſt, therefore application is made for the renewal of the ſame, of which all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

October 12, 1799. d3m

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the Eſtate of JOHN WHARTON, late of the City of Philadelphia, Merchant, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay the ſame, and thoſe having demands againſt his Eſtate, to produce their accounts legally atteſted to

KEARNY WHARTON,

Acting Executor, No. 111, Spruce street.

November 11. dtf.

WANTED,

A NEWS CARRIER.

AN active, ſteady and faithful MAN, who can give ſatisfactory reference as to character, will meet employ in the above capacity, on applying at the office of this Gazette.

November 20 dtf

Horſes to Winter.

HORSES will be taken to winter at *Proſpect Hill*, at the 12 miles ſtone on the Briſtol Road, where they will have good Timothy and Clover Hay, well littered and cleaned and a field to run in when the weather is good.

☞ Enquire of Mr. William Bell Merchant, or on the premiſes.

N. B. Will not be anſwerable for accidents or eſcape, but will take every precaution to prevent either.

November 12 3tawtf

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40 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY, on the night of the 10th inſt from the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhips of Eaſt and Weſt-Bradford, in the county of Cheſter, and ſtate of Pennſylvania, two apprentice lads, one named EMMOR THOMAS, 18 years of age, by trade a taylor, fair complexion, light hair; had on and took with him, a light coloured coattee, lined with white flannel, a dark broadcloth waiſtcoat, lined with lindcey, a ſtriped caſſimere coat and trowſers, three ſhirts of home made linen, two pair of ſtockings, two pair of ſhoes, and two hats. The other named AARON PATTERSON, turned of 18 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, dark complexion, long black hair which he uſually wears tied, black eyes, has loſt one or two of his fore teeth, long flat feet which bear the marks of being badly ſcalded, by trade a hatter; had on and took with him a dark coloured cloth coat, one dimity and one corduroy waiſtcoat, two ſhirts, one of them muſlin, two pair of trowſers, one plain nankeen the other corduroy, two pair of blue woollen ſtockings, two pair of cotton, do. one blue and white clouded, the other white, two pair of ſhoes, and a rorum hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the above ſaid apprentice lads, in any goal in the United States, ſo that their maſters may get them again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Twenty Dollars for either of them.

DAVID LEWIS,
ABIAH TAYLOR, junior.

nov. 22. 3t

CATTLE.

About Sixty-Six Head for diſpoſal.

☞ Enquire of MATTHIAS BORDLEY, at the Iſland in Wye River, Eaſtern Shore, Maryland; or in caſe of writing, direct to him at Eaſton, Talbot County, Maryland.

Wye, *Sept.* 2, 1799. §

WANTED A COOK.

A WHITE WOMAN to ſerve in the capacity of cook in a ſmall family—None need apply who does not perfectly underſtand her buſineſs, and cannot produce an unexceptionable character. Apply to the printer.

october 18 dtf

FIFTY PIPES

TENERIFFE WINE,

Of an excellent quality,

JUST ARRIVED AND FOR SALE,

By JOHN MILLER, Jr.

Nov. 11. §

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennſylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the ſaid State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of ſaid State until the 1ſt September next inclusive, and that the ſubſcribers authoriſed by law will ſit as a Board at the ſaid Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unſatisfied Claims already filed, as well as thoſe which may be filed on or before the ſaid firſt day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennſylvania, May 15, '99. }

(16) d1w (m.w.ſa.tf)

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 1ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninetynine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode dreſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.

Sec. of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates iſſued for ſubſcriptions to the Loan bearing intereſt at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment ſhall have been made of the 5th inſtalment, which will become due during the firſt ten days of the month of July enſuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treaſury or Loan Offices, reſpectively, for the amount of the four firſt inſtalments, or one moiety of the ſums expreſſed in the ſubſcription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be iſſued for leſs than one hundred dollars.

Such ſubſcription certificates as may be preſented at the Treaſury or Loan Offices in conſequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be indorſed and diſtinctly marked ſo as to denote, that a moety of the ſtock has been iſſued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

Secretary of the Treasury.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Trenton, September 2, 1799.

ALL officers of the firſt regiment of Artilleriſts and Engineers, and of the firſt, ſecond, third and fourth regiments of Infantry in the ſervice of the United States, who are, from whatever cauſe, abſent from their commands, are required with all poſſible expedition to report themſelves by letter to Major General Alexander Hamilton. The officers thus called upon, will be held amenable for any avoidable delay in reporting themſelves, and thoſe who do not report in four months from the date of this notification, will be preſumed to have reſigned their commiſſions.

JAMES M'HENRY.

☞ The Printers in the ſeveral ſtates, who publiſhed the propoſals for the ſupply of rations during the year 1800, are requeſted to inſert the above once a week in their papers, till the firſt of January next. 1awt1J.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,

OR EXCHANGED,

For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,

A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennſylvania, within ſix miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a conſtant ſtream that is ſtrong enough to work an oil or a griſt mill. Any perſon inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.

N. B. If ſold, credit will be given for part of the money.

October 17, 1799. dtf.

NOTICE.

To the Creditors of Joſeph Alexander,

LATE of Lewiſtown, in the county of Miffflin, and commonwealth of Pennſylvania; who was a partner of the firm of *Johnſon & Alexander*, I have applied to the Judges of the court of Common pleas, in and for the county of Mifflin aforeſaid, for the benefit of the laws of the ſaid commonwealth, made for the relief of inſolvent debtors, and they have appointed the ſecond Tueſday of September next, for a hearing of me and my creditors at Lewiſtown, in ſaid county, of which, pleaſe to take notice.

JOSEPH ALEXANDER.

auguſt 23 §

TERMS

Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,

FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE

JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,

FROM THE COMMENCEMENT

Of the American War, in 1774, to the present time,

INCLUDING

The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now first permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat type, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in ſize, paper, and binding, will be obſerved throughout the work; ſo that, while the ſubſcribers become poſſeſſed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to ſubſcribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound, but, as the publiſher does not intend to print manmore than the number ſubſcribed for, a conſiderable riſe on the price may be expected to non-ſubſcribers.

Each volume will contain about one third leſs of letter-preſs than the original edition; but, as the publiſher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot aſcertain the number of volumes which will compriſe the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subſcribers will have it at their option, either to ſubſcribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the preſent time, or to thoſe only of the Old Congreſs prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are loſt in darkneſs and obſcurity, owing to a careleſsneſs, in the ſucceeding generation, to preſerve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in theſe rude ages, being called off from their domeſtic concerns, to engage in wars and conqueſt. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been tranſmitted to our days? Time, that deſtroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almoſt ineſtimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their aſſiſtance in tranſmitting to poſterity the labours of their anceſtors—founders of the Columbian nation.

* * The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will ſhow the ſupport it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June* 15, 1798.

"To the Honorable the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subſcribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Reſpectfully ſheweth,*

"That having, in our reſpective avocations, frequent occaſions to recur to the Journals of Congreſs, we experience inconvenience by the ſcarcity of them: That we underſtand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed proſecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, reſpectfully ſolicit, as the publication is neceſſary to be diſſeminated among public bodies, that Congreſs will, in their wiſdom render him ſuch additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, ſo that your Memorialiſts may be enabled to purchaſe copies of that record for themſelves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samſom Levy, T. Roſs, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joſeph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompſon, Jared Ingerſoll, Jaſper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibſon, M. Keppele, Moſes Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander J. Dallas, Joſeph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun. Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Cruikſhank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armſtrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, preſented to the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for

"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America in Congreſs aſſembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, be authoriſed and directed, to ſubſcribe, on ſuch terms as they may deem eligible, for the uſe of the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congreſs, which are propoſed to be publiſhed by Richard Folwell and ſuch number of copies of deficient volumes of the ſets now in print, as may be neceſſary to complete the ſame.

JONATHAN DAYTON,

Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

JAMES ROSS,

President of the Senate pro tempore.

Approved, March 2d, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States.

may 20. 1awtf

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber on the evening of the 28th inſt. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howebel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any perſon apprehending her ſhall be entitled to the above reward—no coſts or charges will be paid.

N. B. She had 2 years and ſome months to ſerve

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.

Goſhen Townſhip, Cheſter County, July 29.

auguſt 6 3awtf

The Swift-Sure,

A NEW LINE OF STAGES,

NOW RUNNING BETWEEN

PHILADELPHIA & NEW-YORK,

By the ſhort and pleaſant road of

Buſtleton, Newtown, Scotch-Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE excellence of this road, the populouſneſs of the country through which it paſſes, with ſundry other advantages, which render it ſo far preferable to the Old Road through Briſtol, Brunſwick, &c. long ago ſuggeſted the propriety of its becoming the Grand Thorough-Fare from Philadelphia to New York. During the preſent year, a minute ſurvey of it has been taken, and its ſuperiority over the Old Road, both in winter and ſummer, has been clearly aſcertained.—There are good bridges over all the other waters but the Delaware, and here the croſſing is performed with great ſafety and in leſs than half the time required at the Trenton Ferry. The road is *ſeveral miles ſhorter* than the old road, but this is amongſt the leaſt of its advantages, becauſe daily experience proves to us, that diſpatch as well as comfort in travelling principally depend on the goodneſs of the road and the levelneſs of the country, and, in theſe reſpects, the New Road is, beyond all compariſon, the beſt. It preſents none of thoſe rocky hills, which render the Old Road ſo fatiguing between the Delaware and Newark. The ſoil, too, for the greater part, is ſuch as to produce but little mud in winter, and very little duſt in ſummer, which circumſtance, added to the beauty of the country, and a conſiderable proportion of ſhade, muſt always render travelling in the latter ſeaſon peculiarly agreeable.

The Swift Sure ſtarts from PHILADELPHIA, at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted) from the *GREEN TREE*, oppoſite the Lutheran Church, North Fourth ſtreet. It goes through Frankford to Buſtleton, where it ſtops to Breakfaſt; from Buſtletown it goes through Newtown to Penny-town to dinner; from Penny-town through Hopewell, Milliſtone, Bound-brook, Quibbletown and Plainfield to Scotch Plains to lodge. The next morning it ſtops at Springfield to breakfaſt, from whence it goes through Newark and arrives at New-York at noon.

From NEW-YORK it ſtarts at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (from Paulus Hook) and arrives at Philadelphia the next evening. For ſeats at New-York, application may be made to Edward Bardin, Old Coffee houſe, to A. Mathieu, corner of Naſſau and John ſtreets, to B. Many, no. 48, Courtlandt, corner of Greenwich ſtreet, and to Michael Little, at his hotel, no. 42, Broad ſtreet.

Fare for paſſengers, *Five Dollars.*
Way paſſengers 6 *Cents per Mile.*

Each paſſenger is allowed to take on 14lbs. of baggage carriage free; but all other baggage, taken on by a paſſenger, will be charged at 4 cents per pound weight.

With reſpect to packages ſent on without paſſengers, the proprietors preſume they have adopted a regulation, which, though unknown to other lines of ſtages, they think muſt meet with general approbation. They pledge themſelves to make good every package on the following conditions. The perſon who delivers the package at the office ſhall ſee it entered in the ſtage-book, for which entry he ſhall pay 6 cents; he will then ſtate the value of the package, and pay (excluſive of the carriage) one per cent. on the value, as inſurance, and for which he will receive a receipt. Thus, for inſtance, if he eſtimates his package at one dollar, he will pay one cent. and if at one hundred dollars, he will pay one dollar inſurance, and in like proportion for packages of any other value.

Very few perſons it is preſumed, will diſlike this regulation; it will however, be optionable with every one to avail himſelf of this ſecurity or not. But the proprietors think it right to ſtate very explicitly, that they will be reſponſible for the ſafe delivery of no package, which is not regularly entered, and for which an inſurance receipt cannot be produced.

In the diſtribution of the route, the greateſt care has been taken to fix on ſuch places and taverns as always afford a good accommodation and entertainment for the paſſengers at the moſt reaſonable rates. The ſtages are well equipped furniſhed with fleet and ſteady horſes, and committed to the care of intelligent ſober and obliging drivers. The proprietors themſelves live at the different towns and villages where the ſtages will ſtop, ſo that the conduct of the perſons they employ is continually an object of their attention.—They take care alſo to ſee that the paſſengers are well provided for and politely treated at the taverns, and that no ſort of chicanery or inſolence is practiſed upon them; in ſhort, they have ſpared neither pains nor expence to render the SWIFT-SURE the very beſt line of ſtages in America.

The line has now run nearly a month, during which time a great number of gentlemen have gone through, both from Philadelphia and New-York. Every paſſenger has found the road to ſurpaſs very far all that has been ſaid of its excellence; and the Proprietors of the Swift Sure are extremely happy to hear the behaviou of their drivers, and the treatment at Taverns ſpoken of with the higheſt ſatisfaction.

JOHN M'CALLA, Philadelphia
THOS. PAUL, Buſſleton
JOSEPH THORNTON,
NICHOLAS WYNKOOP, } *Newtown.*
JACOB KESLER,
JOHN MOREHEAD, Pennytown.
T. KILLMAN, near Milliſton.
ELIAS COMBES, Bound Brook.
R. SANSBURY, Scotch Plains.
ISAAC RAWLE,
ROBERT PEARSON, } *Springfield.*

coaſt.

June 22.

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